

Clinical investigations of medical devices

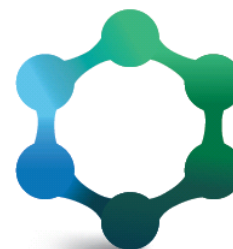
Regulatory viewpoint

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HRB-TMRN Meeting, UCC, 13 May 2016



HPRA



An tÚdarás Rialála Táirgí Sláinte
Health Products Regulatory Authority

To protect and enhance public and animal health through the regulation of medicine, medical devices and healthcare products

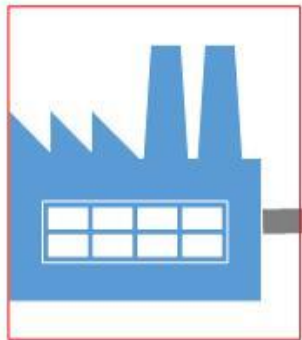


Market surveillance audits

Clinical Investigation reviews

Designation and
Ongoing performance checks

Lifecycle market surveillance



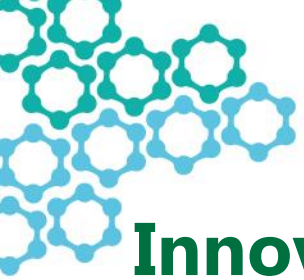
Manufacturer

- Quality management system
- Technical/design data
- Risk analysis
- Clinical evaluation
- CAPA management
- Conformity assessment
- Declaration of conformity

Notified body

- Manufacturer inspection
- Technical/clinical documentation assessment

Safety & Performance Data



Innovation of medical devices

- Safe and scientific innovation
- Early awareness & education
- Early engagement with regulatory process
- Consistent, predictable & scientific regulatory system
- Timely access for safe & performing technologies



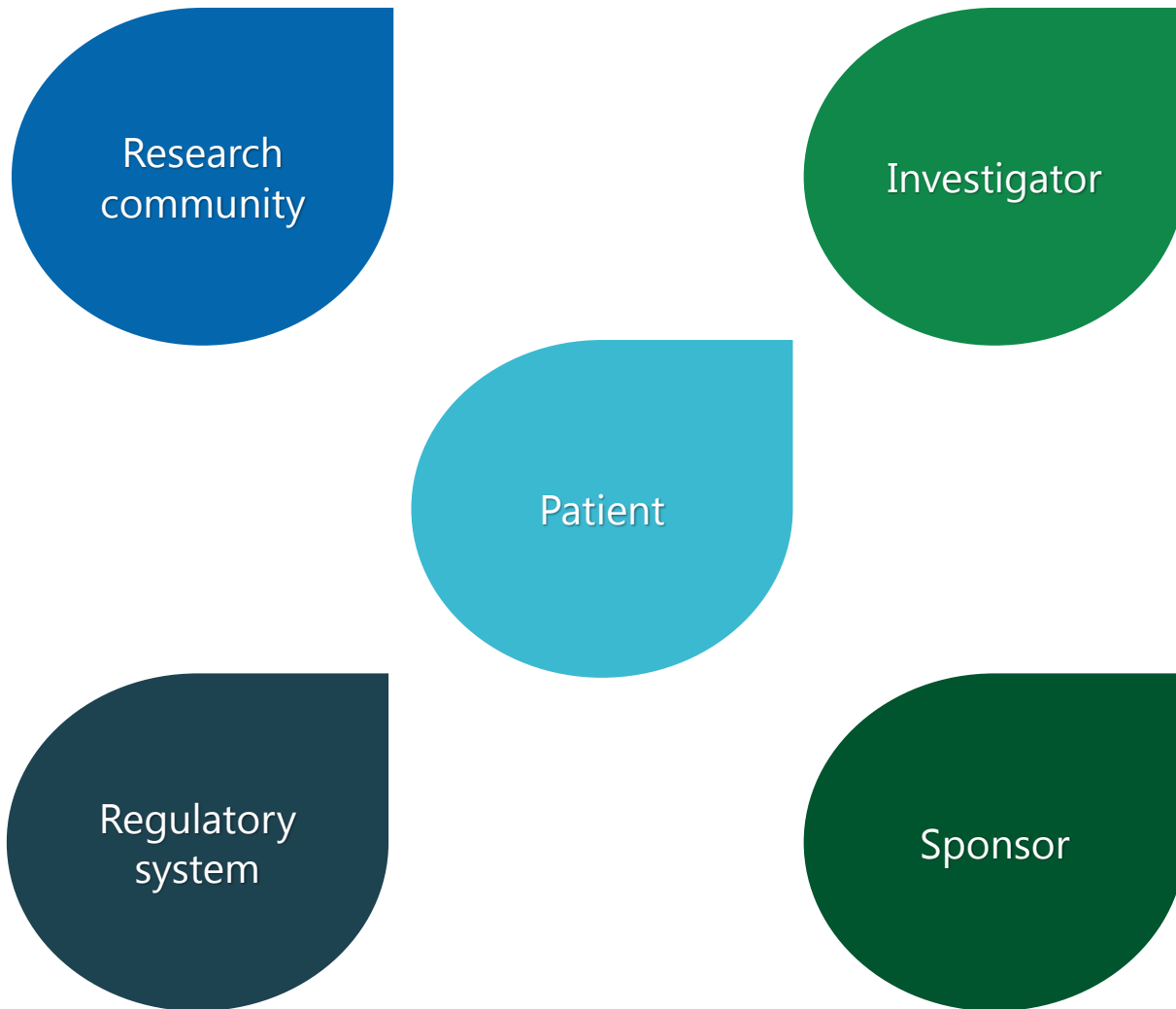
What is a clinical investigation?

- *'clinical investigation' means any systematic investigation in one or more human subjects, undertaken to assess the safety or performance of a device¹*

¹ [2012/0266 \(COD\) 12040/1/15 REV 1. ENISO14155:2011](#)



What's the role of HPRA for CIs





What needs HPRA review?

Needed

- Commercial sponsors
- Regulatory purposes for EU

- Academic/clinical origin

?

Not needed

- Academic/ clinical origin
- Post-market studies



What are the requirements?

- Article 15, Annex I, Annex VIII and Annex X of Directive [93/42/EEC](#)
- ENISO 14155:2011 – Clinical investigation of medical devices for human subjects – Good clinical practice
- MEDDEV Guidance

[MEDDEV 2.7/2](#)

Competent Authorities

[MEDDEV 2.7/3](#)

Serious adverse event reporting

[MEDDEV 2.7/4](#)

Manufacturers & notified bodies



Regulatory submission²

- Device identification data
- Clinical investigation plan
- Clinical investigator's brochure
- Confirmation of insurance of subjects
- Informed consent documentation
- Statements – conformance with ER, blood derivatives, animal tissues
- EC opinion and details covered in review
- Investigators and investigation sites
- Place, date and duration of CI
- And..... Results of risk analysis and solutions to ER

HPRA
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Application for Clinical Investigations on Medical Devices

For instructions on how to complete this application form, please see the 'Guide for Manufacturers on Clinical Investigations carried out in Ireland'.

HPRA USE ONLY

CI Reference number:
EUDAMED Reference number:
Date received:

SECTION A: ADMINISTRATIVE INFORMATION

1	Date of submission	
2	First or resubmission	
3	If resubmission state previous submission date and reference number	Date: Reference no.:
4	Is this part of a multi-centre clinical investigation? If so, enter details of other centres.	Centre 1 Name Address
	<i>If more than 4 centres please attach details in an appendix.</i>	Centre 2 Name Address
		Centre 3 Name Address
		Centre 4 Name Address

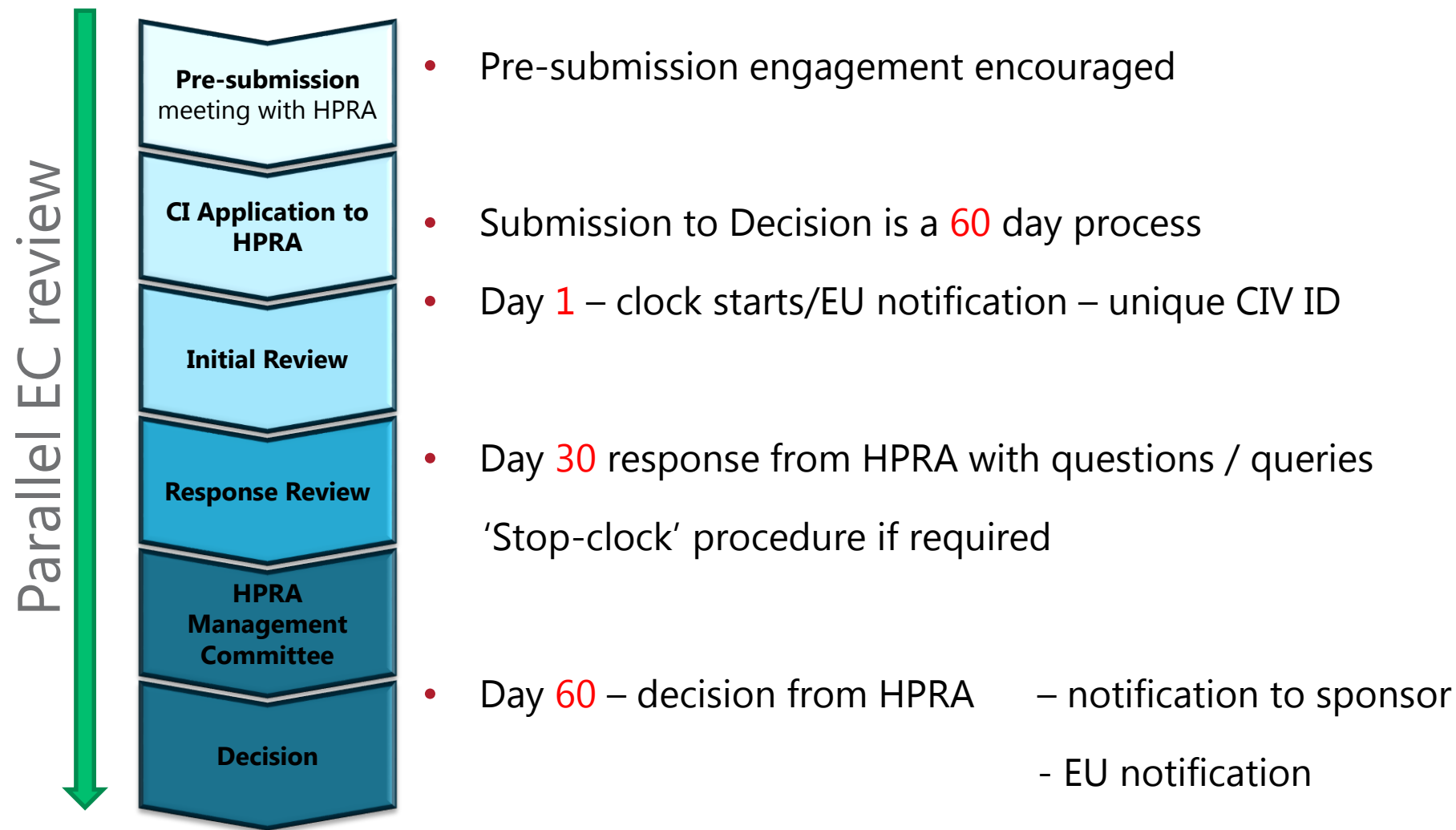
AUT-F0191-1 1/5

² Directive 93/42/EEC, Annex VIII 2.2 and 3.2

³ [AUT-F0191-1](#)



HPRA Review Process





What are the sponsor's responsibilities?

Regulatory reporting and comms

Quality assurance and control

Regulatory submissions

Definitions responsibility

CI planning and conduct



What are the investigator's responsibilities?

Safety reporting

CIP compliance

Ensure rights, safety, medical care and well-being of subjects

Ethics Committee & informed consent

Qualification for investigators and sites



Serious adverse event reporting

'All serious adverse events must be fully recorded and immediately notified to all competent authorities of the Member States in which the clinical investigation is being performed.'⁴

MEDDEV 2.7/3 SAE Report Table v2																
EUDAMED - ID:																
Title of Clinical Investigation:																
CIP Number:																
Contact person (Name, Address, E-Mail, Telephone Number)												Device type:				
MS+NCA Reference Numbers for all participating Countries:												Reference Member State:				
No. of Patients enrolled to date total:			No. of Patients enrolled to date (date of report) per country:							No. of Invest. Devices used to date total:		No. of Invest. Devices used to date per country:				
Date of Report:		dd/mm/yyyy														
Status: A, N, U	Date Sponsor received Report of SAE (dd/mm/yyyy)	Country code	Study Center	Patient ID Code	SAE ID Code	Date of Procedure/ First Use (dd/mm/yyyy)	Date of Event Onset (dd/mm/yyyy)	SAE OR Dev. Def.	Description of event	action/ treatment/patient outcome	Relationship to Procedure: not related OR unlikely OR possible OR probable OR causal relationship	Relationship to Investigational Device: not related OR unlikely OR possible OR probable OR causal relationship	Unanticipated SAE: Yes OR No	Treatment Arm: Investigational Device/ Control Group/ blinded/ n.a.	Event Status: Resolved/ Resolved with Sequelae/ Ongoing/Death	Date of Event Resolution (dd/mm/yyyy)

⁴Annex X, 2.3.5 Directive 93/42/EEC (as amended)

⁵[MEDDEV 2.7/3 SAE Report Table v2](#)



Final report

- Written report⁶
- Overview of device, investigation design & methodology, deviations, analysis, stats and critical appraisal
- Including data from all sites and subjects
- Review of report by coordinating/principal investigators – agreed by signature

⁶EN ISO14155:2011, 7.3. Annex D.



Common pitfalls

- Incomplete applications
- No design freeze – iterative development
- Poor awareness of regulatory requirements
- Essential Requirements not addressed
- Clinical evaluation/clinical develop plan
- Risk analysis
- Clear endpoints



Changing legislation⁷

- Detailed requirements for application, conduct and assessment of clinical investigations
- Fewer exemptions – more clinical investigations
- All clinical investigations require notification – commercial, academic/clinical, post-market
- Increased provisions for protection of patients and vulnerable populations



Changing legislation

- Increased provision for monitoring – obligations on sponsors, investigations, authorities (site inspections)
- Coordinated assessments
- Increased transparency on clinical investigations – increased notifications
- Increased alignment with CTR



Changing legislation

Academic/clinical 'non-regulatory' investigations

- Ethics committee and scientific review (possibly NCA application)
- Sponsor for each investigation
- Protection of subjects
- Informed consent
- Conformance with applicable performance and safety requirements
- Qualification of investigations
- Increased national provisions



What can the HPRA do to help?

Innovation
pathways

Guidance

Engage

Awareness
& education

Standard
documents

Electronic
tools

Thank you.
Q&A

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